Key Budgetary Risks

No.	Type of Consequence	Comment	Likelihood	Impact	Overall Score
1	The Medium term financial position worsens.	In that the general fund balance falls below the minimum prudent threshold and capital funding is insufficient to meet the capital programme. This appears as item no.8 in the Council's strategic risk register. Recovery from COVID19 and the current economic climate of rising inflation and rising interest rates continue to put pressure on the finances. However, action is being taken through the budget setting porcess to ensure a balanced budget for 2023/24 and across the medium term.	3	2	6
2	Revenue balances insufficient to meet estimate pay award increases	The medium term planning period takes into account the pay increases for the period - The Council's 3 year Medium term Financial Strategy includes forecast pay awards for the next three years. The pay award of £1,925 per employee has been agreed for 2022/23 and is factored into the forecast.	3	3	9
3	Revenue balances insufficient to meet other inflationary increases	Other than contractual agreements, budgets have been cash limited where possible.	3	3	9
4	Interest rates resulting in significant variations in estimated interest income	The interest rate has a significant impact on the proceeds from capital receipts that are invested in the money market. The volatility of the global economy following the EU referendum continues to place uncertainty on the investment strategy.	3	2	6
5	Inaccurate estimates of fees and charges income	See Key Income Streams are shown in the latest Finance Digest. The financial impact of COVID 19 will place a burden on the Councils Revenue account through loss of income .	3	3	9
6	Revenue balances insufficient to meet loss of partial exemption for VAT	If the council's expenditure on functions for which it receives income that is exempt for VAT purposes exceeds 5% of its total vat able expenditure, then the Council may lose its ability to recover VAT on all of its exempt inputs.	1	4	4
7	Major emergency	Major Emergency requires funds beyond Bellwin scheme and causes serious drain on balances.	3	3	9
8	The estimated cost reductions and additional income gains are not achieved	Savings identified are monitored as part of the monthly budget monitoring process. Some of these may not materialise as resources are diverted away to fund unexpected costs.	3	2	6
9	The income received from Commercial rents decreases	The rental income received from the Councils property portfolio is a significant proportion of the total income the Council receives.	4	3	12
10	The amount of government grant is adversely affected	The provisional grant settlement has been factored into the MTFS. The fair funding review on hold at the current time	2	3	6
11	Fluctuations in Business Rates Retention	The Council is legally obliged to cover the first 7.5% loss on its pre determined baseline level. The Council is currently in a safety net position. The system was due to be subject to reset and increase to 75% retention. This has been postponed until 2023/24 at the earliest.	2	2	4

1= VERY LOW RISK 4 = VERY HIGH RISK

	Likelihood	Impact	Overall Score		
very low risk	1	1	1		
low risk	2	2	4		
high risk	3	3	9		
very high risk	4	4	16		